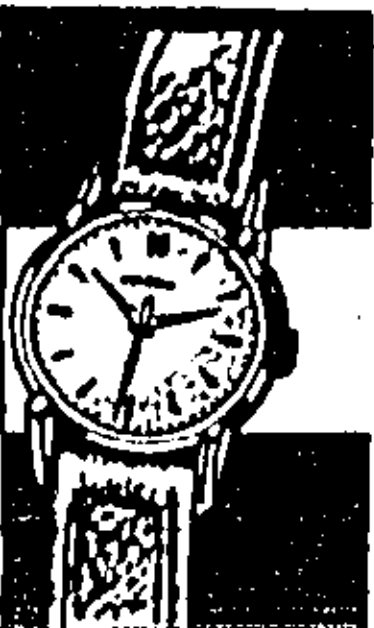


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Teheran Riots: 12 Injured

Teheran, Apr. 22. Twelve persons were injured today when Communist and anti-Communist student groups fought with clubs and fists in the streets of Teheran.

Police said a small home-made grenade exploded in the hands of one anti-Communist student as he was preparing to throw it among marching students who were shouting "Death to the Anglo-American imperialists!"

The fight broke out after some 4,000 Communist-led students, defying the police ban on demonstrations, marched to Parliament Square and demonstrated in support of the oilfield strikers. When the demonstration ended, the students started marching back to Teheran University. But before they got there, they were met by the anti-Communist faction, some of whom were armed with clubs.

Communists have been active in the University here. Both boy and girl speakers shouted slogans such as "Death to the Anglo-American imperialists!" and "Lift martial law in Khuzistan." They carried portraits of strikers killed in the oilfields. The parade swept along the streets leading to the Majlis and bystanders threw flowers to the marchers. Radio Teheran today pleaded in vain with students not to take part in political demonstrations and also asked parents to use their influence on older children. Several students who had been kept in the schoolyard to keep them out of the parade climbed over the wall and joined the procession.—United Press.

Mother's Action To Regain Son

Mons, Belgium, Apr. 22. Madame Gilberte Deloit, of Bois Dhaime, a village near here, staged a single-handed revolver holdup to recover her four-year-old son, Jean-Marier, the police reported today. Waving her revolver, the mother broke into the home of her estranged husband with whom the child was living. Then she held her mother-in-law at gunpoint and kidnapped her child, the police said.—Reuter.

Royal Couple See Pope

Princess Elizabeth and the Duke of Edinburgh were received by Pope Pius XII recently in private audience. Picture shows the royal couple passing through the Clementine Hall of the Vatican on their way to the audience. — AP Picture.



Pilotless Plane Crashes

Leicester, Apr. 22. Police, ambulance and fire services watched a runaway pilotless plane cruise round the countryside here tonight when it took off on its own and flew two hours at a great height before crashing. No one was injured.

The plane was a small Auster aircraft which ran off at an airport near here just as its student pilot was about to climb into the cockpit after swinging the propeller to start the engine.

With the throttle apparently left open the plane moved away on its own and left the pilot standing on the airfield as it swiftly became airborne.

Spiralling up to 8,000 feet the plane circled over the surrounding countryside until its fuel was gone and then dived into a field in a village near Melton Mowbray.—Reuter.

ANEURIN BEVAN RESIGNS

Wide Disagreement With Budget Proposals

DRAMATIC SPLIT IN CABINET

Mr Harold Wilson May Follow Example

London, Apr. 22. Mr Aneurin Bevan, Minister of Labour and Left-wing Member of the Cabinet, resigned today and precipitated a first class Government crisis.

The official announcement of Mr Bevan's resignation, issued from the Prime Minister's Office, said that it was in protest over the Budget which he thought "wrong because it is based upon a scale of military expenditure in the coming year which is physically unobtainable without grave extravagance."

Mr Bevan also objected to the Budget because it envisaged "rising prices as a means of reducing civilian consumption and because it was a beginning of the destruction of those social services in which labour has taken a special pride."

Acknowledged hero of the Left-wing of the Labour Party, Mr Bevan was known to have quarrelled with his Cabinet colleagues because the Chancellor of the Exchequer decided to impose charges for spectacles and false teeth under the National Health Scheme, hitherto completely free.

Burly 54-year-old Mr Bevan's departure from the Government may lead to a split in the Labour Party which could bring down the 15-month-old Government at an early date.

He will make a statement in the House of Commons tomorrow, giving reasons for his resignation.

In his letter of resignation to Mr Attlee, Mr Bevan wrote: "The Budget, in my view, is wrongly conceived in that it fails to apportion fairly the burdens of expenditure as between different social classes. It is wrong because it is based upon a scale of military expenditure in the coming year which is physically unobtainable without grave extravagance in its spending."

Mr Attlee in his reply accepting Mr Bevan's resignation, wrote: "As is customary in a Government of this kind, I have explained my objections to many features of the Budget. Having endeavoured in vain to secure modifications of these features, I feel I must ask you to accept my resignation."

"The Budget, in my view, is wrongly conceived in that it fails to apportion fairly the burdens of expenditure as between different social classes."

"It is wrong because it is based upon a scale of military expenditure in the coming year which is physically unobtainable without grave extravagance in its spending."

"It is wrong because it envisages rising prices as a means of reducing civilian consumption with all the consequences of industrial disturbances involved."

"I am sure you will agree that it is always better that policies should be carried out by those who believe in them. It would be dishonourable for me to allow my name to be associated in the carrying out of policies which are repugnant to my conscience and contrary to my expressed opinion."

"I am sorry that I feel it necessary to take this step after so many years of co-operation in a Government which has done so much for the cause of labour and the progress of mankind."

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Leaving Cabinet?



MR HAROLD WILSON

other thrust towards the goal of our hopes.

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Economic Blockade Of China

US To Press For Limited Action

Lake Success, Apr. 22.

The United States is expected to press for a limited economic blockade of Communist China by members of the United Nations when the Sanctions Committee meets next. No definite date has been fixed but United Nations officials believed that it might be on Wednesday or Thursday to coincide with a meeting of the Security Council.

A sub-committee of the Sanctions Committee last week recommended that the full Committee should give priority to economic sanctions.

The United States informants stated today that the United States would press for the imposition of an embargo on the shipment to China of strategic materials—those which could be used for the Chinese Communist war machine.

An American spokesman said that such an embargo at this time might cause the Chinese Communists to review their whole attitude.

It would also help the American Administration to answer those critics who claim that some United Nations members are supplying China with materials which are used to destroy United Nations troops.—Reuter.

FOOD RIOTS

Cooch Behar, North-East India, Apr. 22.

Troop were called out in Cooch Behar today to maintain order following yesterday's food riots in which five people were killed and 31 were injured in police firing.

Two more instances of crowd violence were reported today.

A crowd attacked the residence of the district commissioner, some police, injuring his son. At Dinshady, a town a few miles from here, "hunger marchers" stormed the office of the Congress Party (the ruling power) and damaged furniture and records.

An official described the situation as tense. Cooch Behar, with a population of 64,000, is in an area of 1,000 square miles merged with West Bengal last year.—Reuter.

COMMENT OF THE DAY

The Labour Party Upheaval

THE immediate significance of Mr Aneurin Bevan's shock tactics, declaring open war between the Labour Party's Left and Right Wings at a critical stage in the Battle of the Budget at Westminster, cannot be too swiftly assessed. That crisis has loomed, threatening the downfall of the Government and an early general election, is plain. And the irony of a combination with the extreme Socialist coterie to bring that about will not, of course, act as a deterrent to Mr Churchill if opportunity is handed to him on a plate by Mr Bevan. Nevertheless, hasty judgment could prove itself false. The Labour Party cleavage has for a long time been coming to a head, a process accelerated by Mr Gaiskell's behind-the-scenes smack at Mr Bevan, a fearsome political heavyweight, by refusing to be bullied out of his decision to call on National Health Service beneficiaries to pay half the cost of new spectacles and dentures. For Mr Bevan this was difficult to stomach. He had publicly proclaimed his refusal to serve in a Government prepared to interfere with the National Health provisions, of which "Nye" himself was the principal architect, and compel payments not originally contemplated. Worse still, it was Mr Gaiskell, whom Bevan was inclined to despise as a lightweight and as half a Tory, who called "his bluff." Add to those bludgeonings of a volatile personality, the unremitting taunts of the Conservatives; and the Labour Minister's difficulty in swallowing his wrath, despite the menace to his Party's life in office, is easily understood, if not appreciated outside Tory ranks. How many Labour leaders he can carry with him will be public knowledge, no doubt, within twenty-four hours. In the Parliamentary lobbies, there has been much gossip about John Strachey and Harold Wilson too, particularly as Mr Wilson is credited with a fancy to

succeeding Sir Stafford Cripps at the Treasury and with being nettled at the choice of Mr Gaiskell. The Chancellor did nothing to ease the internal friction. His was a Labour Party Budget which the Conservatives could not like at all, but in which they could find little solid ground for honest criticism. Far from failing, Mr Gaiskell grew overnight to greater stature in the Cabinet and gained in reputation for character and probity. Tactics in British politics being often odd, it was the Socialist element, led by Mr Bevan, who found themselves keenest to challenge the proposals. The Conservatives, on their part, were prepared for a little cunning—giving praise to the Chancellor in the hope that this procedure would inflame the Left Wing, split the Labour Party, and end the Government. If that was Mr Churchill's objective, he has succeeded probably beyond expectations, except for the moment in regard to the final and to him the only important stage. Definitely, this is on the cards. Mr Bevan's letter to the Prime Minister carries him into a line of attack on the Budget which dismisses the National Health dispute as little more than a side issue. The decision to part company with the Rightists has taken him, temperamentally, farther to the Left. The only dubious factor depends on whether Mr Bevan is ready at this stage in the Party's fortunes, its status in the country, to subscribe to the Government's defeat in the Commons. Announcement of his Cabinet resignation was, with obvious design, timed for the week-end. It allows counsels to be taken before the Parties run into the strains and stresses of political controversy in the House. Mr Bevan may for a while be content to bide time and operate, with eloquence freed of restriction, from the Back Benches. But nothing can be more certain than that the days of the present Government are numbered.

The Franco-Vietnam forces were "progressively occupying" these fortified villages after intensive hand-to-hand fighting supported by French artillery and Air Force bombardments.

Further to the West, in the region of Phuly some 40 miles south of Hanoi, the communists, 500 killed in a local encounter with French forces.—United Press.

Hunt For Huk Slayers Of Americans

Manila, Apr. 22. Soldiers and policemen in tanks and armoured cars today hunted an estimated 70 Huk rebels yesterday afternoon killed five American soldiers and one soldier's Philippine-born wife.

The Defence Secretary, Mr Ramon Maguiness, flew to the scene of the ambush, Santa Rosa 65 miles northeast of Manila, to take personal charge of the search.

The five soldiers apparently were stationed at Clark Field. They had left the field in a car, accompanied by the Philippine wives of two of the soldiers, when Huk ambushed them and shot them. Reports said the bodies were stripped of valuables and some \$1,000. They said the five soldiers were killed instantly despite the fact that they were wearing bulletproof vests.

Text Of Letter

The text of Mr Bevan's letter of resignation read:

"In previous conversations with you and in my statements to the Cabinet I have explained my objections to many features of the Budget. Having endeavoured in vain to secure modifications of these features, I feel I must ask you to accept my resignation."

"The Budget, in my view, is wrongly conceived in that it fails to apportion fairly the burdens of expenditure as between different social classes."

"It is wrong because it is based upon a scale of military expenditure in the coming year which is physically unobtainable without grave extravagance in its spending."

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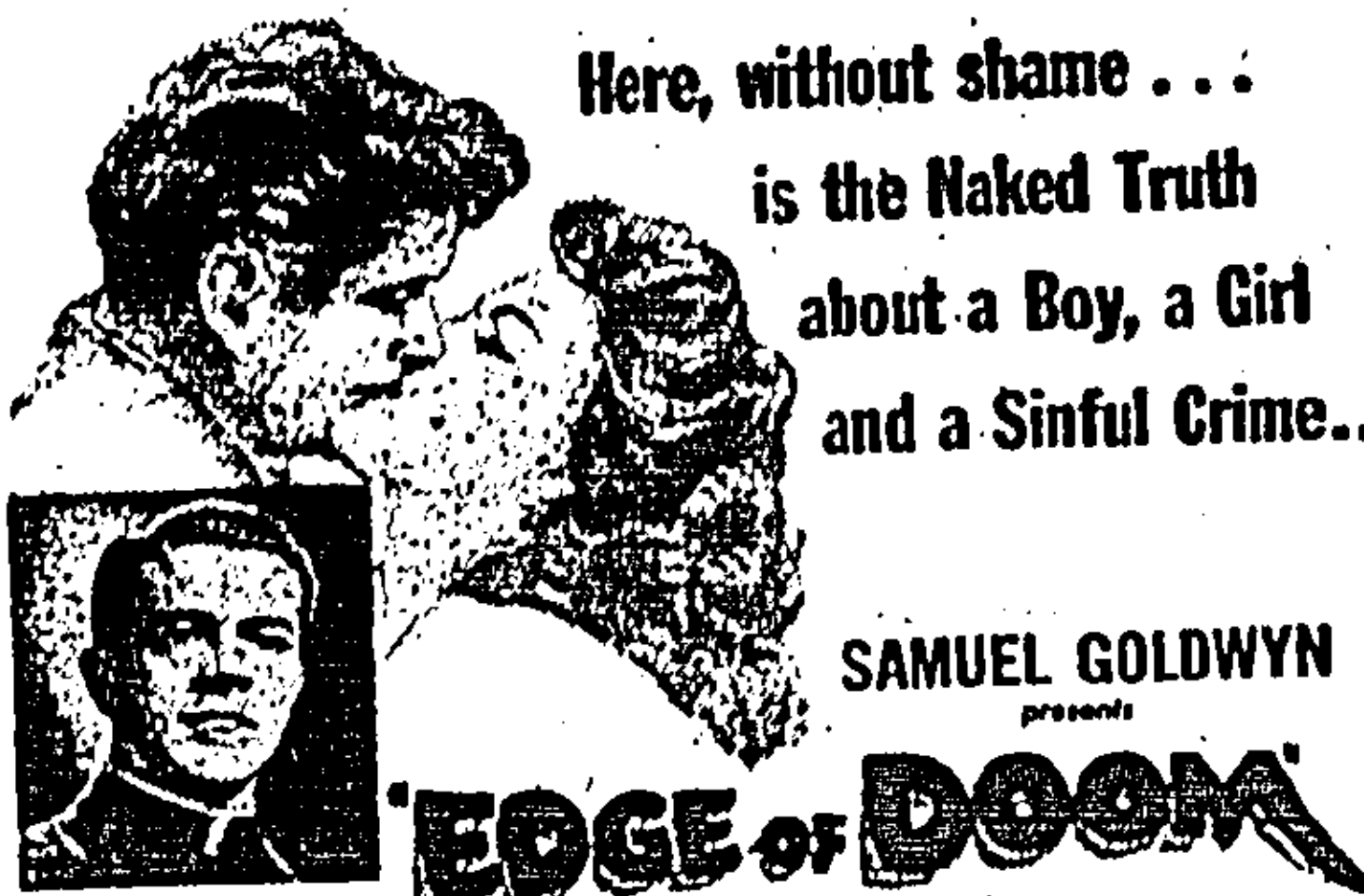


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with ROBERT KEITH - PAUL STEWART - MELA POWERS - ADELE JERGENS
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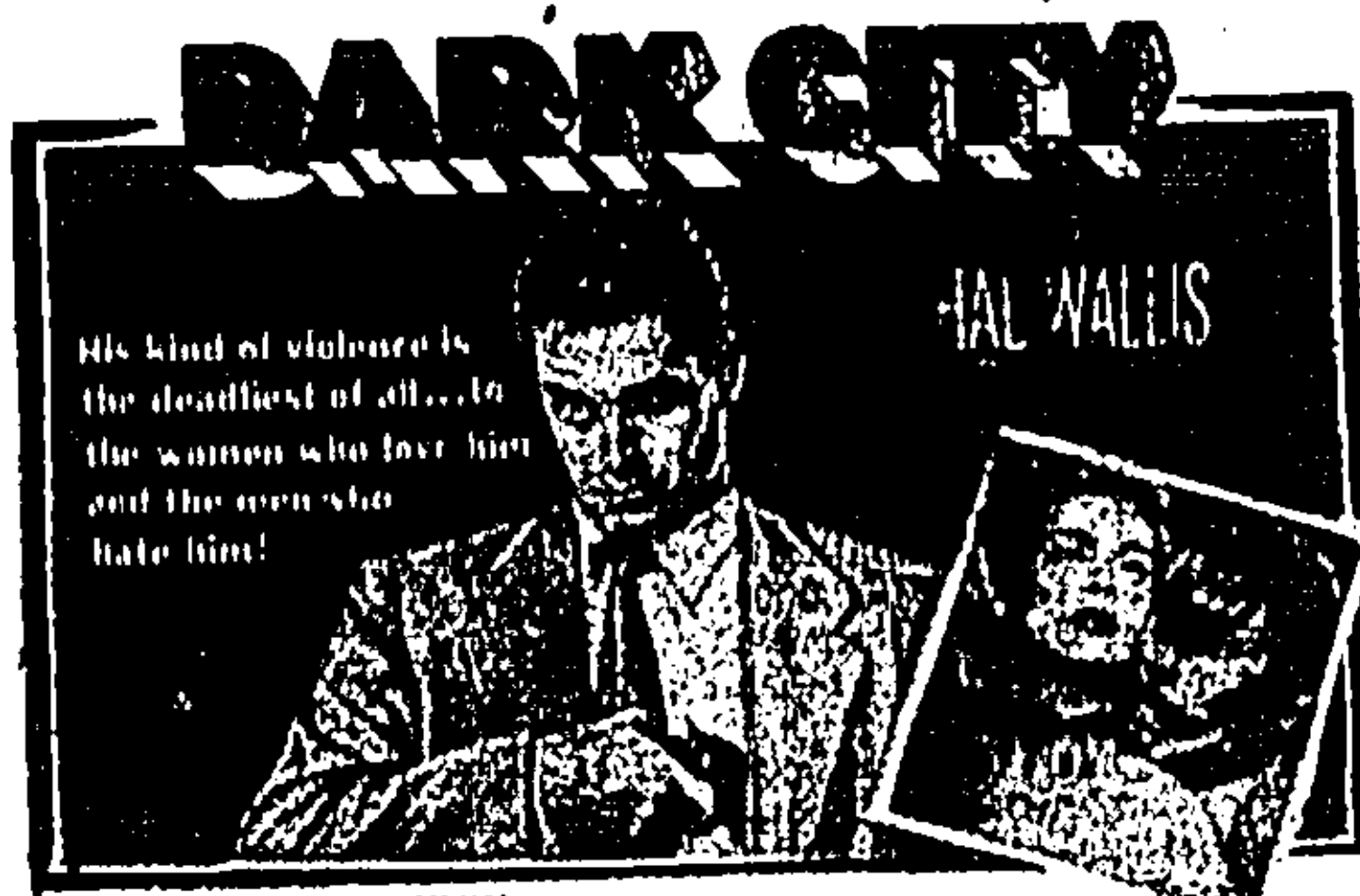
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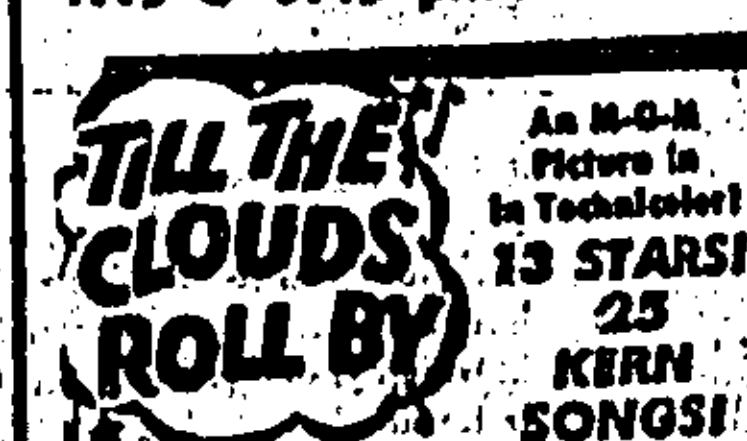
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TO-MORROW
The War Department presents
"APPOINTMENT
IN TOKYO"

Canal
Company
Accused

Cairo, Apr. 22.
The director of the Egyptian Ports and Light-house Administration, Amir El-Bohar-Khattia Pasha, today accused the Suez Canal Company of having failed to keep to its agreement with the Egyptian Government on the appointment of Egyptian pilots.

"It is essential that the Suez Canal Company be pressed to accept the engagement of Egyptian pilots," he wrote to the Egyptian Ministry of Communications.

In his letter El-Khattia Pasha referred to Article 4 of the Convention of March, 1949, under which the company agreed to reserve posts for 20 Egyptian pilots and 50 per cent of all posts which might become vacant in the future.

He said that the company had turned down applications by qualified Egyptians on the ground that the number of ships now using the Canal had decreased as a result of the diversion of Saudi Arabian oil by pipeline to the Lebanese port of Sidon.

A spokesman of the Suez Canal Company had today said that no foreign pilots had been engaged for 18 months. The company is governed by a Board of 32 administrators, of whom 18 are French, 10 British, two Egyptians, one American and one Dutch.

The Administration is predominantly French. Britain has owned seven-sixteenths of the shares since 1875. — Reuter.

Search For
Submarine
To Continue

Portsmouth, Apr. 22.
Naval divers are expected to investigate at least three underwater "contacts" in their search for the missing submarine Affray when the weather improves in the English Channel.

The four-engined Hermes aircraft, capable of "picking up" underwater objects with its magnetometer equipment normally used for measuring the earth's magnetic field, carried out another seven-hour search today.

There is no immediate evidence of what the "contacts" can be and naval aircraft will continue their searches about the area tomorrow.

The Admiralty have already stated that there is no reasonable hope of recovering any of the missing men.

Special prayers were said in churches today throughout this naval port. — Reuter.

BABIES' ROOM IN
CHURCH

Sydney, Apr. 22.
The Seventh Day Adventists are building a sound-proof room for crying babies in their new church in Dubbo, Western New South Wales.

The room, seating 40, will have a glass front so that parents can see the whole service. Loud-speakers will be installed so they can hear what is being said above their infants' din.

The idea is to encourage parents of young children to go to church and not regard unruly babies as an excuse to stay away. — Reuter.

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9.30 P.M.



TO-MORROW
The War Department presents
"APPOINTMENT
IN TOKYO"

TREASURE ISLAND



This Jamaica-style beach sarong in "Treasure Island" print was aired in London last week by mannequin Tessa Prendergast during a British Industries Fair preview given by Southwell Fabrics Ltd., of Manchester. — AP Photo.

RESIGNATION OF
ANEURIN BEVAN

(Continued from Page 1.)
have elected him to the National Executive Committee for several years. past with more votes than any other candidate.

His resignation from the Cabinet is likely to mean the summoning of an emergency national conference of the Labour Party.

It is generally accepted that Mr Bevan's resignation will probably hasten the General Election which, in any case, appeared likely before long.

Labour's elected Parliamentary majority was only seven and at the present moment, because of vacancies, is, in effect, even smaller. It requires only the defection of a single Minister and a handful of sympathisers to bring the Government down on critical votes—such as those on the Budget provisions.

It is not yet clear whether Mr Bevan contemplates voting against the Government.

As the situation stands at the moment Mr Bevan's departure from the Cabinet is a victory for Mr Hugh Gaitskell, Chancellor of the Exchequer, who has fully determined to resign if the Administration gave in to the Labour Minister's insistence that the teeth and spectacles charges be dropped.

But the Cabinet atmosphere will remain strained.

Mr Wilson, who was earlier considered strongly in the running for the Chancellorship, has also come off second best against Mr Gaitskell.

The Government is likely to announce Mr Bevan's successor as Minister of Labour tomorrow, political quarters suggesting that the job might be given to Mr James Griffiths, now Colonial Secretary.

Mr Wilson tonight visited Mr Attlee at his London hospital where the Prime Minister is a patient. Mr Wilson stayed over half an hour.

Mr Wilson accompanied Mr Bevan when he went to see Mr Attlee in hospital on the evening of April 10, immediately after Mr Gaitskell presented his Budget.

Observers interpreted this as reflecting Mr Wilson's sympathy with Mr Bevan's outspoken opposition to the Government's Budget proposals. — Reuter.

Mr Bevan's allegation that the Budget failed to apportion expenditure between different social classes was regarded by observers as a shrewd move designed to enlist the support of trade union and other labour sections.

Mr Bevan might have found it difficult to convince some of his friends that false teeth and spectacles were by themselves big enough issues to justify a Government crisis.

As for the broader issues, it is not the first time he has expressed his views about the

scale of rearmament. He thought Britain could stand without economic embarrassment.

Mr Bevan will go into his reasons for resigning when he makes the customary Ministerial resignation speech in the House of Commons. Within 24 hours he will get an opportunity to show whether he means to play a waiting game or go straight into action as a snip.

Tuesday's Debate
The bill which authorised the new teeth and spectacles charges will be debated on Tuesday. The Conservatives are not expected to vote against it, but Mr Bevan and any of his sympathisers could challenge it.

The aftermath of Mr Bevan's resignation will be discussed at tomorrow's Cabinet meeting at which neither Mr Bevan nor Mr Attlee, who is ill, will be present.

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RUSSIA BUILDS
UP HUGE
ARMED FORCES

Mr. Shinwell's Estimate

Harwell, Apr. 22.
The Defence Minister, Mr Emmanuel Shinwell, said today that he had reason to believe the Soviet Union had increased its armed forces by 25 divisions in the past year.

Mr Shinwell said the Russian Army now totalled 200 divisions, many of them ready to be deployed in the West if Russia so decided.

The Defence Minister spoke at a political meeting here and devoted most of his address to defence and the necessity for Britain's rearmament programme.

Brussels
Hint To
Britain

Brussels, Apr. 22.
The International Committee of the European Movement, meeting in Brussels, urged in a resolution adopted today that the "Parliaments concerned approve the present (Schuman Plan) agreement without delay."

The resolution also expressed the hope "that the implementation of the Schuman Plan may encourage Great Britain to associate itself with it in the near future."

The resolution said, "Any delay in ratifying the Plan would deal a mortal blow to the hopes and aspirations of all the peoples anxious to see the concrete realisation of the new solidarity of Europe."

A report by Andre Philip, French delegate, and former French Minister, was the occasion of a day-long debate which failed to bring agreement.

In this report, Mr Philip criticised United Nations policy regarding Korea, opposed German rearmament, and recommended "a policy of independence for the European community within the framework of the Atlantic Pact."

Mr Philip was heavily criticised when he said: "It looks as if there does not exist at present between the United States and ourselves the community we need so much, but merely an alliance in face of a definite menace and for the purpose of achieving common aims."

FREE TO QUIT

He said: "This alliance is temporary. It binds us to the Truman and Acheson Government and policy, but it leaves us free to quit in the event of the resignation of either General Douglas MacArthur or Senator Robert A. Taft (Ohio Republican) winning the next American election."

Such a point of view was opposed by most delegates. Andre Philip recommended that "the countries of Europe, agree on the principles of a common foreign policy and establish a united European army."

He concluded: "The European community is a part of the Atlantic alliance, but must be recognised by it as an independent member with autonomous rights and powers." — Associated Press.

Japan Holding
Elections

Tokyo, Apr. 22.
Experts here predict a Conservative (Government) victory in tomorrow's country-wide municipal elections, the Kyodo News Agency said today.

But they hesitate to forecast the outcome in Yokohama, Nagoya and Osaka, where bitter campaigns are in progress.

Political observers expect a vote of more than 70 per cent in these elections, the second local elections to be held in Japan since the war, the Agency said.

Election Officials said that the full results would be known by Tuesday evening.

On April 20 Japan will elect Governors of Prefectures and members of the Prefectural Assembly. — Reuter.

Trouble Looms
For Franco
In Bilbao

Madrid, Apr. 22.
Leaders of the Basque distributed in Bilbao during the past 24 hours called on workers in the Basque city and industrial centre to strike tomorrow against the high cost of living.

Local newspapers today warned the people to ignore "the possible intrigues of the enemies of the social order."

For several weeks rumours have said that former labour organisations, dissolved in 1939 but still being maintained secretly, would try to provoke a conflict in Bilbao.

Bilbao is the main centre of the Basque autonomous movement, which is not friendly to the Franco regime. — Reuter.

Medals For
Scottish
Nationalists

Glasgow, Apr. 22.

Scottish patriots said a number of persons have donated family heirlooms which will be melted and cast into gold and silver medals for the persons who took the Stone of Scone from Westminster Abbey on Christmas Day.

The patriots said six medals are being prepared, but they would not identify the persons named to receive them.

Mr J. V. Porter, one of the donors, said anything that makes people laugh nowadays is "worth its weight in gold."

The Scots have laughed at the mention of the historic Coronation Stone, which was recently recovered by Scotland Yard detectives in Scotland, ever since it was stolen, allegedly by Scottish patriots. It was announced that Scotland Yard was not prosecuting anyone in connection with the theft of the famous stone and to arrest, has been made.

The Stone of Scone, which has been used for centuries to crown Scottish and English kings, was taken from Scotland to England in the 13th century.

Mr Matt Somerville, chairman of the Scottish National Congress, which would be made, said: "It is not saying that six people were involved," he said.

"Nor can I say when they will be presented." — United Press.

Briton Still
Being Held

Tehran, Apr. 22.
One of the three British oil officials arrested by the Persian authorities on Friday was still in custody today, it was learned tonight. He was expected to be released later today.

The authorities announced the release of two yesterday and it was at first reported that the other had also been freed.

Evening newspapers here reported that the British Embassy had sent an aide memoire to the Persian Foreign Ministry expressing the "utmost surprise" at the arrests.

The police said tonight that the student groups which had barred today were all opposed to the Communist Tudeh Party, which had organised the march.

They added that the groups had consisted of adherents of the "National Front" (advocating of nationalisation), the far-right religious organisation, Fedai-e Islam (generally held responsible for the recent political assassinations in Persia), and the extreme organisation known as Pan-Islamism.

Each group, though united in barring the path of the marchers, derided the other groups as "British hangers-on." They called the Tudeh Communist "allies of the British." — Reuter.

Pontiff Receives
Egyptian

Vatican City, Apr. 22.
Pope Pius today received in private audience Mohammed Soliman Ghanem, Egyptian Minister of Commerce and Industry, who is at present touring Italy. Mr Ghanem was introduced to the Pope by Al Omari Taher Mohammed Bey, Egyptian Minister to the Vatican. — United Press.

Petain Improves

Paris, Apr. 22.
Tonight's bulletin on the health of Philippe Petain, issued by the Ministry of the Interior, stated "A slight improvement since this morning. The patient is less lethargic and took a little nourishment." — Reuter.

Defence talk



FOURTEEN-NATION DECLARATION ON KOREA EXPECTED

Lake Success, Apr. 22.

Despite deep differences over many aspects of Far Eastern policy, the United Nations appeared determined today that the utmost effort must be made to stop the expected Communist Spring offensive in Korea.

One Western spokesman said this determination may soon be emphasised in a 14-nation declaration of the principles on Korea. The declaration was "in the works."

Such a statement had been expected to be delivered by President Truman, but apparently the MacArthur crash forced its postponement.

Although the United States and Britain disagree on whether further sanctions should be invoked against Red China at this time—the United States is now attempting to obtain British support for clamping an embargo on shipments of strategic materials to China, while London reasons such an act would be seen by Peking as unnecessary provocation—both Governments stand by the announced policy that aggression in Korea must be fought as long as necessary.

Diplomats of both nations emphasized that nothing had happened to alter decisions at last year's Truman-Acheson conference that "aggression must not be rewarded" and appeasement should not be sought.

Delegates had no comment on the statement by the Eighth Army commander, Lt-General James van Fleet, that new allies might support an offensive by an estimated 62 Red divisions against the United Nations forces.

Delegates said privately that General van Fleet presumably had in mind the possibility that Soviet pilots or Japanese pilots of the captured Kwangtung Army would fly Communist planes and they indicated there was no reason why such an "unfortunate" development should affect in any way basic UN policy in Korea.

WILL FIGHT

The delegates, who refused official comment because they felt it premature prior to substantiation of General van Fleet's prediction, volunteered the opinion, however, that there was nothing the United Nations could do at present to influence a Soviet decision on whether its soldiers should become Korean "volunteers." One Western delegate said: "We shall fight all new volunteers as we fought the Chinese 'volunteers'."

They agreed that such a development would complicate beyond words the already complex Far Eastern situation, but need not bring about general war. They also agreed it would probably kill all hopes that peaceful settlement of the Korean war is in sight, as it might lead to UN bombing of Manchurian bases.

The United Nations Arab-Asian combination, meanwhile, continued to attempt to establish negotiations mechanism before the new Red offensive delays what has become known as the "psychological moment" for settlement of the conflict. The group, which has already been

NEW UN COMMANDER IN KOREA



Lt. Gen. James A. Van Fleet (right) snapped at Washington Airport when he left to take over the command of the Eighth Army in Korea. Bidding him good-bye is General Lawton Collins, U.S. Army Chief of Staff.—AP Photo.

SENATOR'S ALLEGATION:

Vicious Smear Campaign Against Gen. MacArthur

Washington, Apr. 22.

Senator Richard Nixon (Republican, California) charged today that the Defence Department, under White House orders, was preparing a vicious smear campaign against General MacArthur. He said scores of Defence officials were digging through secret files to unearth material which could be used to discredit MacArthur.

Accusation By Editor

Washington, Apr. 22.

Mr. Carroll Bieder, of the Minneapolis Tribune, told the American Editors' Association that "restrictionists" are sabotaging efforts to get the freedom of information declaration adopted by the United Nations.

Mr. Bieder, representative on the 15-nation United Nations Committee assigned to draft the information convention, addressed the American Society of Newspaper Editors at their annual meeting.

"Restrictionists have taken the driver's seat in attempts to deal with freedom of information in the United Nations," he said.

Nevertheless, Mr. Bieder said, it would be a mistake for the United States to pull out of the effort. If and when "those bent upon curtailing freedoms would write the most drastic restrictions into international law" their arguments "would be unanswered."

The "restrictionists" include non-Communists as well as Communist representatives on the committee.

The United States and other countries long experienced in the practice of freedom and themselves fettered by countries with neither the knowledge of nor interest in freedom of information as it is understood in the democracies," Mr. Bieder said. "The Soviet representative cleverly exploit Arab, Asiatic and Latin-American grievances against the way we report and comment on developments about which those governments are highly sensitive."—United Press.

Benefits Of Atomic Energy

London, Apr. 22.

Britain will stage her largest international conference on the beneficial uses of atomic energy this summer, the Ministry of Supply said today.

Representatives from 20 countries will meet from July 16 to July 21 to discuss atomic energy techniques.

They will include scientists and research workers in medicine, in agriculture and other fields from the United States, Australia, Canada, France, Belgium, Denmark, Holland, Italy, Norway, Sweden and Switzerland.

All the countries, with the exception of the United States, make regular use of radio-active materials prepared in Britain's atom piles.—Reuter.

£760 A Word Will

Sydney, Apr. 22.

The late Mr. Justice Reginald Schofield Bonney, of the New South Wales Supreme Court, bequeathed his estate at the rate of £2,700 a word.

The value of the estate was £2,525,000. The will consisted of 21 words, which will be paid

The White House and Defence Department declined to comment on Mr. Nixon's charges, which were handed to the Press in a special statement. The Defence Department revealed on Saturday that it was preparing an analysis of basic differences between General MacArthur and the Joint Chiefs of Staff. This will be presented to Congressional investigating committee in an effort to refute General MacArthur's claim that the Joint Chiefs agree from a military viewpoint with his proposals to extend the war against Red China.

The Senate Armed Services and Foreign Relations Committees plan to call General MacArthur and the Joint Chiefs, as well as many other high officials, into closed hearings later this month to go to the bottom of the policy row which led to the General's dismissal as Far Eastern commander.

The chairman of the House Foreign Affairs Committee, Mr. John E. (Democrat, West Virginia), announced that he would ask his Committee to question the Joint Chiefs on the dispute some time this week.

Senator Nixon demanded that all secret documents bearing on the Far Eastern dispute be made public so the public could see not only these documents which might reflect against MacArthur, but also those which might reflect in his favour. He particularly demanded release of the long-suppressed Wedemeyer Report, prepared in 1947 by Lt-General Albert Wedemeyer on his special mission to China.

SEVEN PROJECTS
Mr. Nixon said at least seven separate "smear MacArthur" projects have been ordered and are under way in the Defence Department. He listed them as:

1. Five top staff technicians are analysing every military operation conducted by MacArthur in Korea to find flaws in his strategy.

2. The military government section is digging up data intended to discredit MacArthur's handling of the Japanese occupation.

3. Staff experts have been ordered to explore every aspect of MacArthur's staff organisation both in the Korean war and in World War II.

4. G-2 has been directed to make a complete study of all intelligence communications received from MacArthur. MacArthur's critics claim this will hit him at his most vulnerable spot.

5. The historical divisions of the Army, Navy and Air Force are all screening every World War II document affecting MacArthur, including all his communications and Press statements.

6. The Marine Corps assignment is to find flaws in MacArthur's plan for the island-hopping strategy which began with Guadalcanal.

7. The management section has been directed to make a complete study of MacArthur's handling of surplus property disposal by the conclusion of World War II.—United Press.

Home From Korea

Tokyo, Apr. 22.

The first batch of United States troops to go home from Korea under the American Army's newly announced rotating system, called today from Hawaii, Saturday, Japan. The party number about 1,000 men.

U.S. ARMS AID FOR FORMOSA

Talks Under Way

Taipei, Apr. 22.

An official source confirmed today that the Chinese Nationalist government is being kept fully informed by Washington on plans to expand the United States military aid programme for Formosa to major proportions.

The source, who asked not to be identified, said the two governments are still in consultation on multiple details of the aid which Washington has indicated will amount to \$250,000,000, in addition to the \$50,000,000 supply programme already under way.

The State Department's official announcement of the plan to send a military assistance advisory group resulted today in the authorities here plunging immediately into arrangements for quartering the mission personnel. Two of Taipei's best hotels, both owned by the provincial government, have been reserved.

The source confirmed that considerable negotiation is under way on the expanded U.S. aid programme, but said he could not release any details pending a final agreement. He said further that until the Washington programme is completed and the way paved for clearance by the Congress there is unlikely to be any official comment from this government here.

The authorities here recognise and admit that the issue of American aid to Chiang Kai-shek coincides with explosive international implications. A flood of protests, not only from purely Communist capitals but from European quarters who opposed Gen. MacArthur, was predicted here.

Complete silence on official views of recent international events involving the United States is being rigidly maintained by responsible authorities here.—United Press.

HAILSTORM HITS ASSAM

Gauhati, North Assam, Apr. 22.

An earth tremor lasting a few seconds was felt here at 11.15 a.m. local time today. It was of moderate intensity.

A severe hailstorm swept over Gauhati for 10 minutes this afternoon. Hailstones, some the size of tennis balls, littered the streets and compounds but melted quickly into pools of water. Asbestos roofs were cracked and window panels smashed. Farmers feared that the hailstorm—the second in a week—extensively damaged standing jute and rice crops.—Reuter.

A FULL 2-HOUR ICE-SKATING REVUE



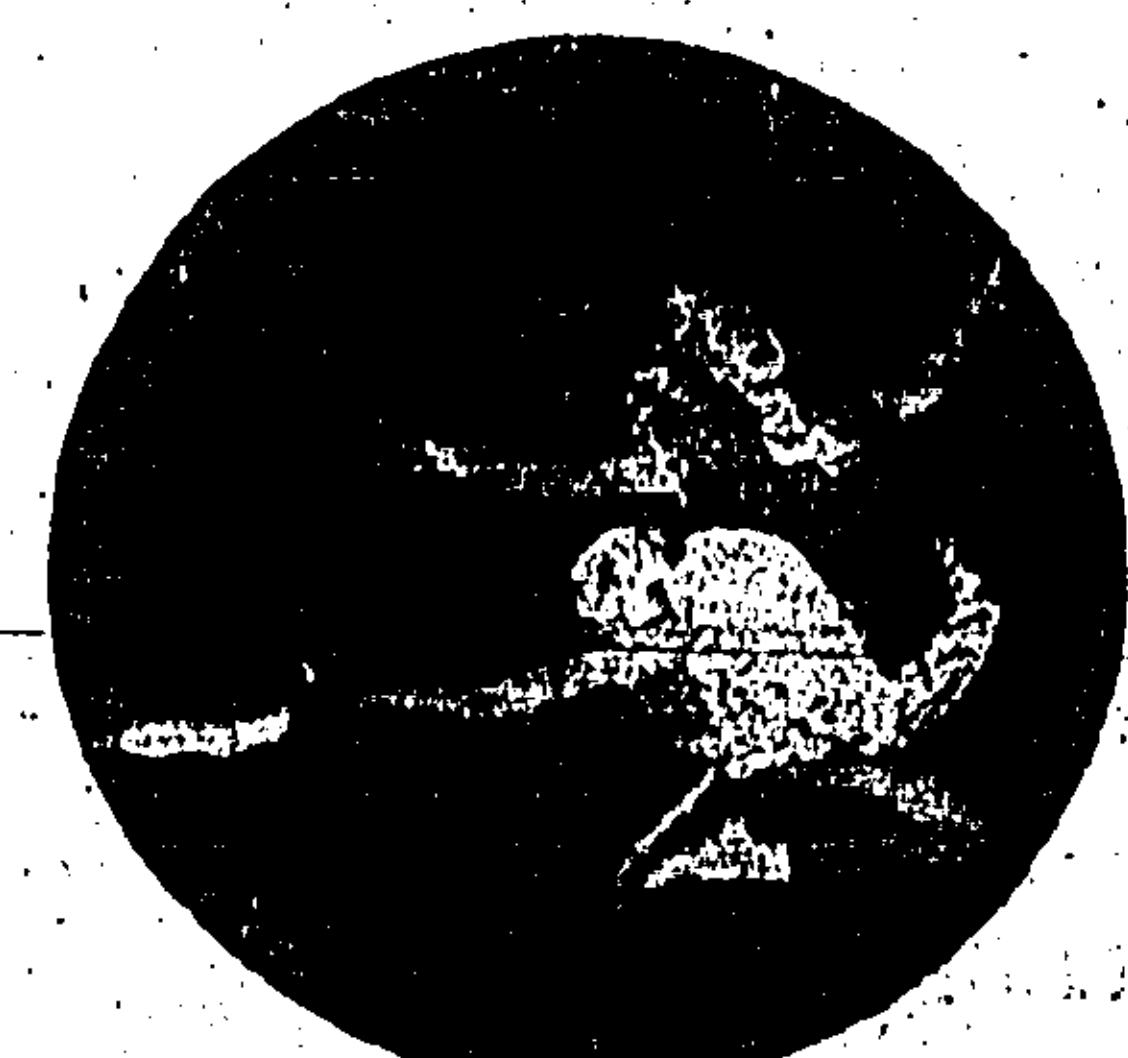
2 SHOWS DAILY AT 6.30 & 9.30 P.M.

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ICE REVUE

THRILLING-LAVISH-SPECTACULAR NEVER BEFORE!

GALA OPENING PERFORMANCES—TO-MORROW AT 6.30 & 9.30 P.M.



A Hugo Ice Skating Rink

24 Stage Items

Entertainment At Its Best

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See Breath-taking Ice-Capades

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ADMISSIONS • DRESS CIRCLE \$18.00. SPECIAL STALLS \$15.00. (TAX INCL.) • STALLS \$11.50. GALLERY (no reservations) \$8.00.

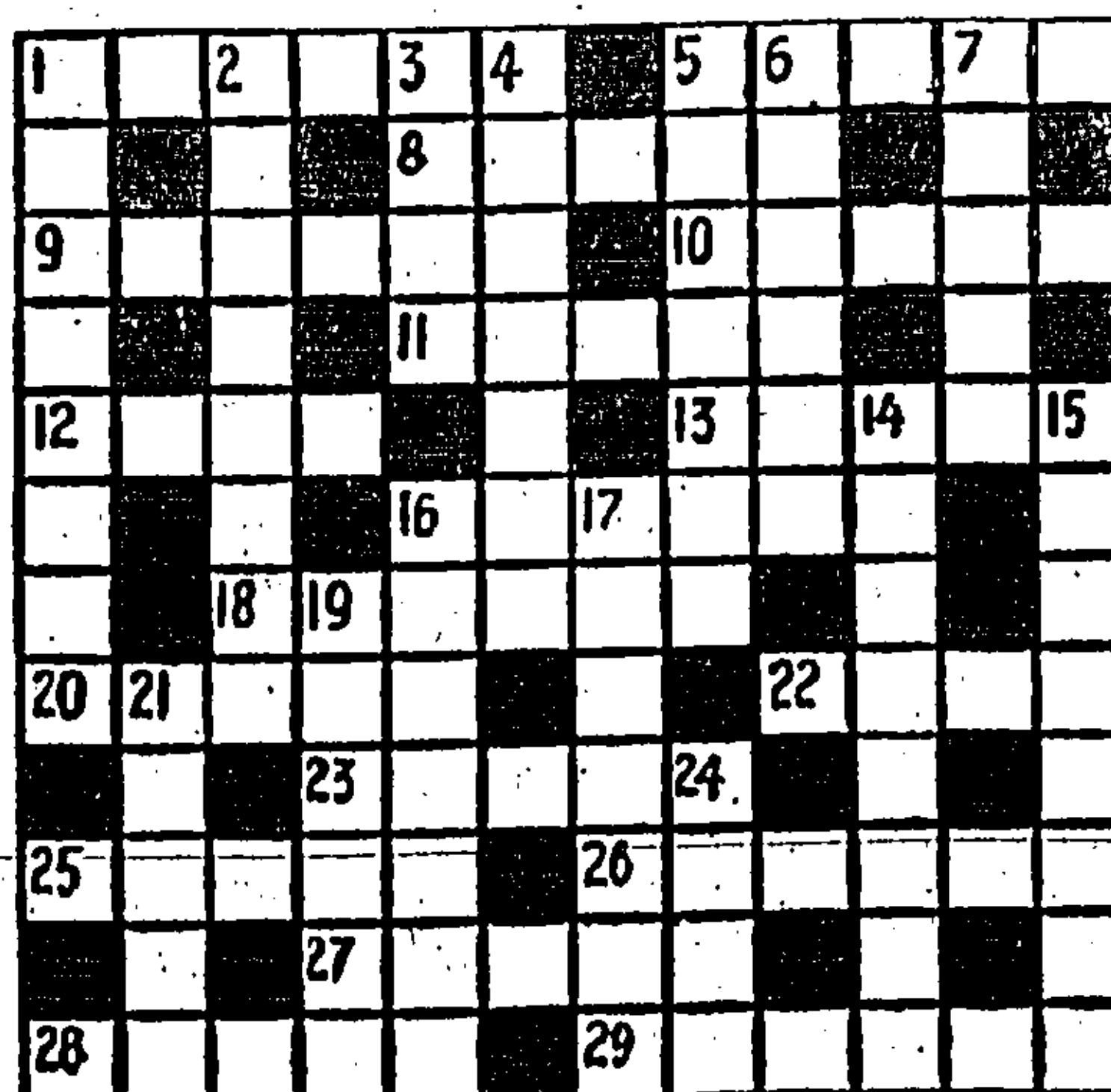
ADVANCE BOOKING AT LEE THEATRE CHINA TRAVEL SERVICE

FROM 11.00 A.M. TO 10.00 P.M. 6, QUEEN'S ROAD, C. (Opposite Edinburgh House) FROM 11.00 A.M. TO 5.30 P.M.

ANNOUNCEMENT

The LEE Theatre will be closed TO-DAY in preparation for the Ice Revue which will commence to-morrow.

A British Crossword Puzzle



ACROSS

- 1 Worried (6).
- 5 Kilns (5).
- 8 Images (5).
- 9 Far away (6).
- 10 Observing (5).
- 11 Groves (6).
- 12 Go down (4).
- 13 Evicts (6).
- 14 Start again (6).
- 15 Does business (6).
- 16 Supplanted (6).
- 17 Fragrant oil (4).
- 22 Separates into finer and coarser parts (5).
- 23 Turkish title (5).
- 25 Dejected (6).
- 27 With down (6).
- 28 Lifeless (5).
- 29 Protect (6).

DOWN

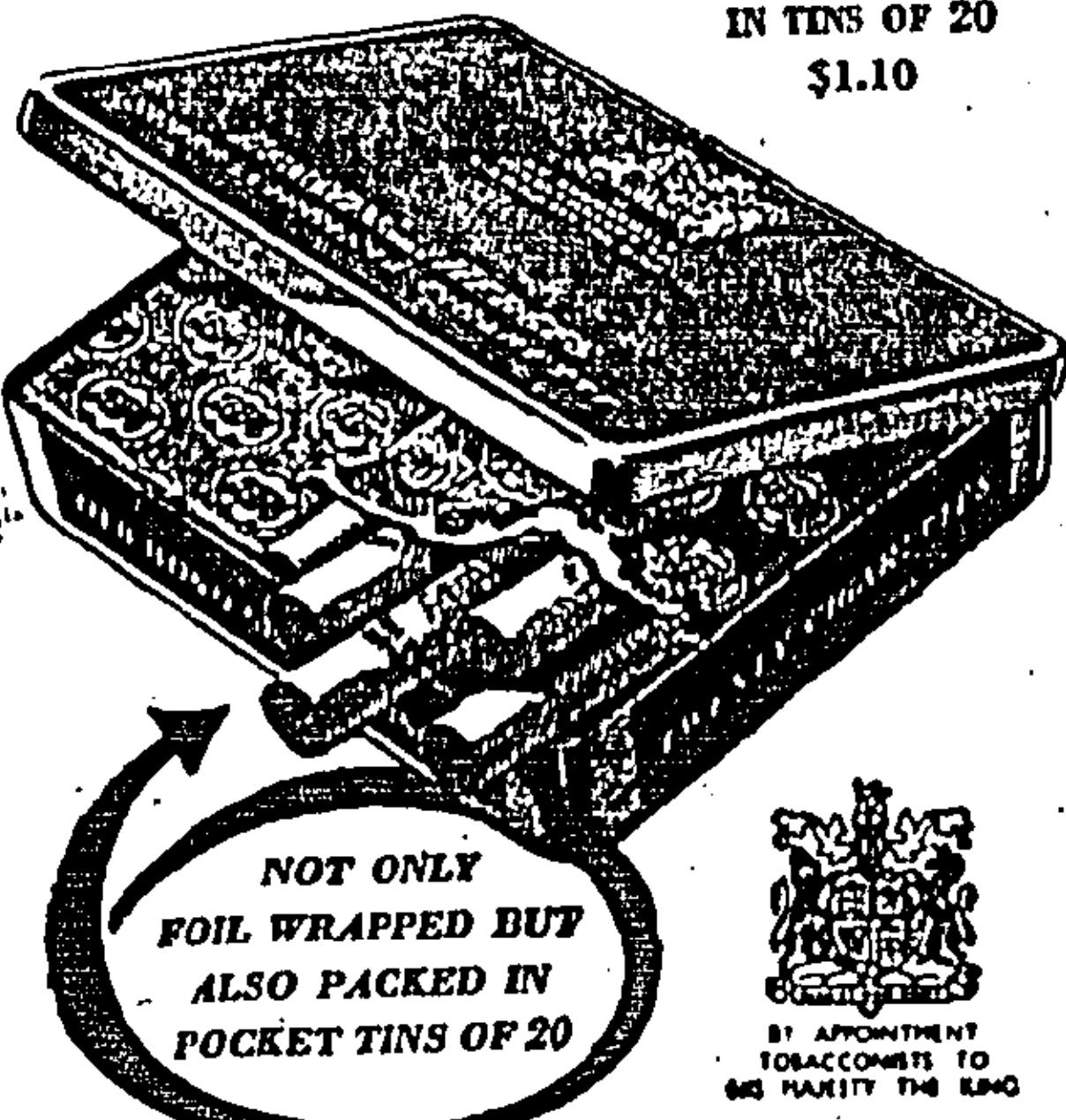
- 1 Suffering (8).
- 2 Chow the cud (8).
- 3 Rests (4).
- 4 Aromatic (7).
- 5 Burdensome (7).
- 6 Refuge (6).
- 7 Doctrine (5).
- 14 Judgment (8).
- 15 Hidden (8).
- 16 Shing (7).
- 17 Fixed (7).
- 21 Piece of bacon (6).
- 22 Acquire knowledge (8).
- 24 Ancestor (4).

SATURDAY'S CROSSWORD—Across: 3 Avid, 7 Droll, 8 Agree, 9 Elms, 10 Epitaph, 11 Hint, 12 Wits, 13 Beat, 14 Proem, 15 Apart, 16 Libs, 17 Elder, 18 Stew, 19 Roadside, 20 Apes, 21 Pile, 22 Jokers, 23 Bards, 24 Down, 1 Clap, 2 Clutter, 3 Value, 4 Dash, 5 Down, 6 Ed, 7 Orate, 8 Iron, 9 Lame, 10 Tame, 11 Balm, 12 New, 13 Bids, 14 Sings, 15 Chats, 16 Dives, 17

When only the
best will do

It is a well known fact that the best Virginia cigarettes are made in London; but, fortunately, they do not all stay there! The famous Benson & Hedges red tin is a familiar sight in almost every country of the world. You will find these cigarettes in the hands of particular smokers who prefer to pay just a little more to make quite sure of having the absolute best for all those occasions when only the best will do.

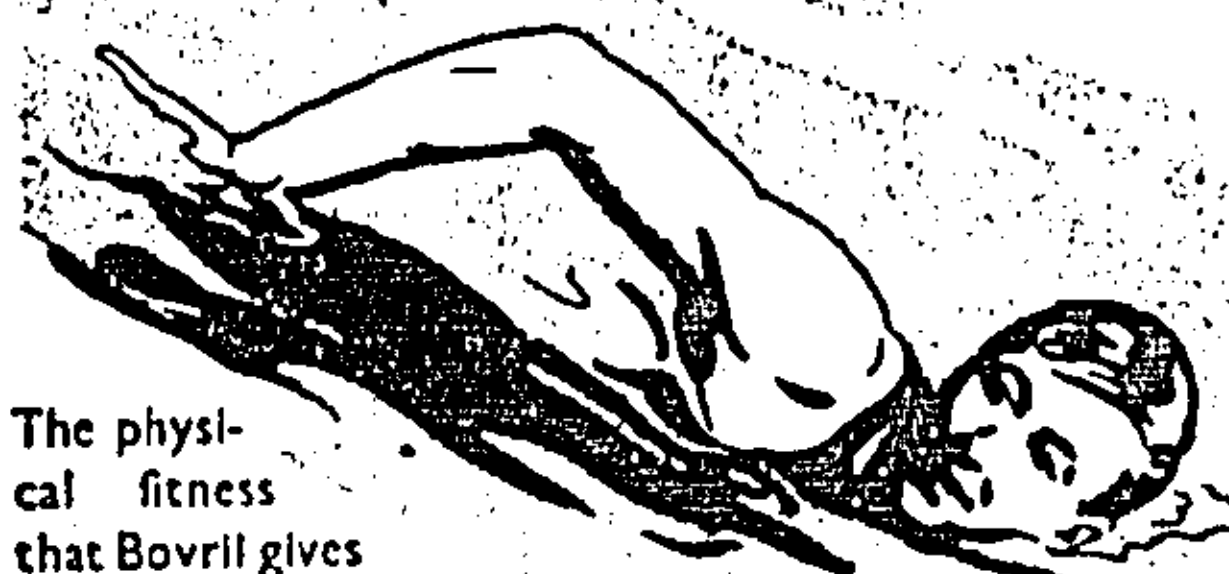
IN TINS OF 20
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The physical fitness
that Bovril gives
is especially valuable
to athletes and to every-
one who takes strenuous
exercise. Take Bovril regularly.

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DISEASE
GERMS**

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BERKEFELD FILTER



Drink only filtered water—then you're safe. There's a Berkefeld Filter for every tropical need. A domestic model for your house (see illustration); a telescopic model, suitable for use in the house and also on trips away from the station; and also the pump filter for travellers, as used by the Mount Everest expedition. Berkefeld Filters are made in a wide range of sizes suitable for domestic and industrial use. Both pressure and gravity types are available. Send for details of sizes and prices.

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An Interpretation of Chinese Classical

DANCING

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MISS AVERIL TONG

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QUEEN'S COLLEGE April 24th, 8.30 p.m.

under the patronage of H.E. Sir Alexander
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FAREWELL PERFORMANCE

before American Tour!

Gorgeous Costumes! Superb Dancing!

Hand-painted Satin Decor by Famous Artists!

The Artist Broadway critics have called "Brilliant."

By David Temple Roberts

WHAT EXACTLY IS THIS FESTIVAL OF BRITAIN?



The King looks at a model of the South Bank exhibition. Mr Gerald Barry's hand stretches past the top of the Skylon as he points towards Waterloo station.

LONDON
THE Festival people hope you have seen some of their advertisements. But I will try to tell you only the things that do not appear in the advertisements.

The Festival of Britain, due to open on May 3, was thought of as a scheme for giving the morale of Britain a boost—and also giving the British tourist industry an uplift. The idea originated in the mind of well-meaning people and is being carried to fulfilment by a noble band of the well-intentioned, the idealistic, the educators and the amateur do-gooders. Behind them, and urging them on, is an astute and hard-working politician—Mr Herbert Morrison.

The Festival, with political backing, has been able to enlist the co-operation of the best architects, the best organisers of the arts, the best industrial designers and, it is hoped, the best restaurateurs available in Britain.

The Festival people say that the newspapers of Britain have misunderstood them. They say that the Festival of Britain is not only the modernistic agglomeration of aluminium and glass buildings to be seen across the river from their own offices which are next to the Savoy Hotel. It is something all over the countryside, they say. In every village this Festival, I am told, means what is being done in 1951 in that village. It is nothing to do with London, they say eagerly; all over the small towns of Britain little commu-

DAVID TEMPLE ROBERTS has written what he calls his candid guide to the Festival. He admits it is a critical commentary written in advance. It is bound to be unfair because he writes a guide packed with personal prejudice. But he says that if you go to Britain you will be able to find pleasures to your taste—you can enjoy the countryside, educate yourself, look at the products of British business, or make merry. You will probably be irritated by much at this Festival that is aimed at some other person than yourself. Art of Festival visiting will be to pick your way. This frank guide may help. And if you cannot visit Britain, or do not want to, he hopes you will understand from these articles something about Britain in 1951 that rarely reaches the headlines. Four will be devoted to the Festival, itself, and a final article will give short notes on what to do when you are tired of the Festival.

tees are gathering together to make a show or to brighten their communal back gardens.

Some of this talk from Festival publicity officers demonstrates nothing but their own sincerity. The people who are running this Festival really believe that they are lifting the face of Britain. That's what's so nice about them. So they have gathered together and catalogued all the efforts of villages and towns, and boroughs and cities. But when you dip into this monster guide to Much Muddelcombe it reveals the kind of improvements most parishes make each time the spring comes.

Four Seats

By chance I picked on Welwyn, while looking for Wallington, while looking for Welwyn. Welwyn is a village in the well-to-do belt in the outer suburbs of North London. Its effort for the Festival is exactly and entirely as follows: "To erect four park seats, (one in each ward). To provide receptacles for litter. And to plant twelve rose trees in a closed churchyard." The closed churchyard is an excellent symbol of rural England.

Herbert Morrison was once called "King of London," when he was Chairman of the London County Council, and he is the cockney in Attlee's Government. When he governed the LCC he built Waterloo Bridge—and that took some battling in the days of slump and economy. On the other side of the bridge he wanted to clear away the slum streets and the wharves of the South Bank between Westminster and St. Pauls. But that was in the prewar depression years. He could not have his way.

Now the Festival is doing it for him. Standing at the Strand end of Waterloo Bridge our new Foreign Secretary will be able to look across the river this summer—across the bridge he built—and upstream his eye will travel past his new Concert Hall, past the Dome of Discovery, to that ugly monument of municipal prowess—County Hall, the home of the London County Council.

Lord Festival

With Herbert Morrison guiding the Festival it was bound to be centred in London—whatever the other members of "Festival Court" have to say. Until he became Foreign Secretary, Herbert Morrison's official title in the Government was Lord President of the Council. Usually the position is referred to in Parliament as simply "The Lord President." So it was only a small slip of the tongue when an M.P. began a question with the phrase, "Will the Lord Festival...?"

The regular "Festivals" of British artistic life will all be concentrated in the Big Festival's five months—the Shakespeare season at Stratford, the Shaw season at Malvern, the mixed bag at Edinburgh (with Scottish atmosphere), the modern music show on the Suffolk coast at Aldeburgh, Bath's and Cheltenham's season for those in search of the watering places of the Regency bucks. But frankly the Festival is not doing much more for these annual events but give them publicity, a badge, and an international reservations organisation for seats and hotel rooms.

Thirdly, the Festival is preparing somewhere for the bored visitor to go in London—the idea is to reconstitute the 16th Century, the out-of-door "pleasure gardens" of Ranelagh and Vauxhall—that were a merry feature of London 200 years ago. It is giving the visitor the benefit of the Thames (which runs through our city, but which we often forget).

Queue Habit

Hundreds of boats will make the Thames the waterway of the Festival, and on the Bank of the Thames an interesting mile, or so, upriver from the Dome of Discovery will be these Festival Gardens. They will be a sort of Tivoli, and a brand of Coney Island mixed with it, and an essay in English humour. There will be a theatre, a pool, a roller-coaster, a fun-fair (closed on Sundays), and innumerable tea gardens for tasting the national drink.

The national habit of queuing will be sure to infect the Festival. I suggest to all visitors that they should never line up behind half a dozen Englishmen. Pass on—a cunning operator can usually get what he wants without waiting. Such is the Festival of Britain! We are not celebrating anything. We expect to be celebrated. Britain expects its visitors to bring an air of admiration with them. All the Festival offers is a demonstration of self-confidence, the manifestation of British life and its interest in themselves. We are open to visitors and trying to entertain them in our modest style.

Extra Comfort

It will show off only British products—carefully picked by the Council of Industrial Design, and embody some witty and ingenious propaganda for British achievement in discovery, engineering, and the arts. It is well designed, miniature and the wharves of the South Bank between Westminster and St. Pauls. But that was in the prewar depression years. He could not have his way.

I think the South Bank will be vastly overcrowded all the summer and I recommend overseas visitors to see it during the week, not at the week-ends when all Britain will flock to London. On a Tuesday the tickets will cost ten shillings each, instead of four shillings—for extra comfort the price will probably be worth paying.

Second, the Festival of Britain means a concentration in the summer season of all the attractions of theatre and the arts that are usually spread throughout the London year. The Opera season in London is always in the summer season based on the Royal Courts and Presentations. But this year the Shakespeare season, which usually develops in the autumn, will also be crowded into the summer. London's summer climate does not make theatre intolerable—although there is no air-conditioned playhouse in London. Unlike New York, Paris or Rio de Janeiro the summer is not a closed season for London theatres.

To Show Off

The Festival of Britain is not a Festival "for Britons only." A New York travel agent seems to think. He said recently, "It's no use thinking the Festival of Britain will keep Americans away. If they want to come to Britain they'll come just the same."

As a nation we have never been ashamed to parade our consciences, but it has meant a bit of courage to parade our culture. So most "properly English" Englishmen are damnable self-conscious at the moment. The proper thing for Londoners to ask one another at parties is, "Where are you going for the Festival, old man?" And the proper answer is, "Well, I was thinking of letting my flat, but I suppose I'll stay. London won't be worth living in, all these visitors swarming over the place." Secretly, of course, we are all longing to show off, this summer.

Tomorrow: A Quick Tour.

Two Hours In The Life Of Sir Laurence Dunne

By John Clarke

LONDON, Apr. 18
ON Wednesday and Thursday mornings, the Chief Metropolitan Magistrate, Sir Laurence Rivers Dunne, arrives at Bow Street to sit on the Bench in Court No. 1.

He travels by threepenny Tube from Knightsbridge to Covent Garden, unlike the prostitutes, who mostly arrive by taxi and in many cases arrange for the taxis to be held, meters ticking over, while their cases are heard.

won the MC and the Croix de Guerre with palms, and was three times mentioned in despatches. But soldiering has left no visible marks upon him. He looks the part of a man of law and the son of one, as he is. Sir Laurence's father was a KC, who died in 1947, leaving the residue of his £165,000 estate to his son.

As Chief Magistrate—he was appointed in 1948, after 12 years on the Metropolitan bench, and service in Marylebone and Greenwich as well as Bow Street—Sir Laurence receives £2,300 a year, more by the odd £300 than the other three Bow Street magistrates.

The Chief Magistrate fined this prisoner, who looked too tired ever to shout again, 20s., warning him, "That's just the sort of behaviour that might have led to trouble."

A street photographer fined 20s. for obstruction occluded the street cases, and like a boxing crowd as the last preliminary ends, the public gallery settled down for the more serious charges.

Stole 5d.

THERE was the case of a broken-looking man who had been seen by a fellow citizen to rob a news-vendor's box of 5d. The case was gone into with enormous pains: it lasted 20 minutes, four witnesses were called, and Sir Laurence, scribbling on his pad ("My arithmetic's not my best point and to the paperman—it doesn't look like it if you're much better") endeavoured to establish whether the money could have been "missing." The case was found proved, and the man in the dock sent to prison for three months.

An old gentleman who pleaded guilty to shoplifting followed him into the dock, and saying, "I'm very sorry, you must go to prison for a month," for the old man had done the same thing once before. Sir Laurence disposed of that case.

There followed an Irish waiter charged with loitering with intent to steal; he was discharged conditionally; a clerk charged with embezzling, who was remanded on bail, and a boy charged—with an indecent exposure, who was remanded in custody for a medical examination.

No Answer

THERE was no answer to the first remand, and a police officer gave evidence that the man expected, so no answer was given; the second remand was a part-heard charge of stealing, and the prisoner was placed on probation; the third case involved irregularities in the purchase of gold, and was dismissed.

At 12-12 Sir Laurence Dunne folded his spectacles and rose; the morning's work was over, and the public gallery filed out to conduct post-mortems on the cases heard. The afternoon session began at 2-2, and the public gallery filed out to conduct post-mortems on the cases heard. The afternoon session began at 2-2, and the public gallery filed out to conduct post-mortems on the cases heard.

The Drunks

TWO drunks, without the usual amount of noise, the latter being a woman, were heard to say, "I'm very sorry, you must go to prison for a month," for the old man had done the same thing once before. Sir Laurence disposed of that case.

There followed into the dock two groups of girls who were charged with obstructing the footway outside a public-house in the Piccadilly Circus area.

KC's Son

YESTERDAY morning when Sir Laurence took the Bench at 10.34, there were 33 spectators, of whom only four were women—one a hatless girl, the others middle-aged.

They saw, as the Chief Magistrate took his seat, a man with a fine leonine head, keen blue eyes, a rather grey complexion and an innate courtesy apparent in his every gesture, word and movement.

He wore a dark-grey pin-striped suit, black-and-white striped shirt, with a white collar and gold cuff-links, and instead of the Old Etonian tie he often wears, a black-and-white patterned one. As the first defendant was shown into the dock, he put on a pair of horn-rimmed spectacles half-way down his nose.

"That bar is very attractive to American soldiers, isn't it?" Sir Laurence inquired, surveying the first quartet over his spectacles. The police-officer said it was, the girls smiled, rather sheepishly, and Sir Laurence in a paternal voice, adjured them, "Do behave," and fined them 10s. apiece.

There followed into the dock two groups of girls who were charged with obstructing the footway outside a public-house in the Piccadilly Circus area.

'The Professor' fights the underworld

From FREDERICK COOK

NEW YORK ESTES KEFAUVER

American's man against crime and sworn enemy of Frankie Costello, Joe Adams and the other colourful characters of the twilight world, is not at all the type one might expect.

About him there is none of the flamboyant, hectoring, blustering, loud-talking District Attorney of Hollywood and Chicago. He is big and rugged. But in this 47-year-old Senator from the backwoods country of Tennessee there is more of the earnest professor than of the headline-hunting swash-buckler.

His quiet voice flows smoothly, without rasp. His accent is a pleasant soft Southern drawl. But some of those who have faced him and his Senate Crime Investigating Committee have learned that there is much behind that diffident smile, a mantrap in those seemingly harmless questions.

KEFAUVER (his name is pronounced Ees-tes KEY-aw-ver, the law rhyming with "lawyer") is described by some as being like an American...

He has built his whole political career on a non-stop battle for cleaner government.

After taking a Yale law degree in 1927, he went home to Chattanooga, Tennessee, and started in practice as a local solicitor.

Business, he says now, is best described as having been "on the thin side." He picked up eight dollars in the first month, was delighted when the takings went to 21 dollars in the next.

It was not long, however, before Kefauver was one of the South's more successful attorneys and the money flowed in.

Inside five years his income was "several times" the \$5,000 a year he gets now as a Senator.

He had no political ambitions until he turned his mind to a minor local reform and extracted firm promises from all the candidates that, if elected, they would back it. Those who won at the poll promptly "forgot" their commitment.

Kefauver decided that day he could trust nobody in politics, and at the next election put his own name up for the Tennessee Senate.

He lost narrowly. But his campaign had fired such public interest that a year later he started again, and won. He has since been re-elected to the Tennessee Senate.

Kefauver has little time for any books but those on political and economic matters. But he is no dull dog. He likes a party, loves travelling and striking up acquaintances with people who meet in trains and in the air.

Fishing was a passion with him once—the mountain streams of Tennessee are among America's best trout waters—but he has little time for it now.

At college he was a track star and played a hard game of football. Now his absorbing hobby is carpentry.

His most successful recent project, he says, "was to fix a new door on my daughter's playhouse."

Kefauver has two daughters, aged eight and three, and a four-year-old son.

Mrs Kefauver, red-haired and attractive, was born and brought up in Glasgow, where her father, though an American, owned a shipyard.

Kefauver admits, somewhat bashfully that they met on a "blind date," when he took the place of a friend who had caught a cold.

Century William Henry

THE HONG KONG JOCKEY CLUB

NOTICE TO MEMBERS

FIFTH RACE MEETING

Saturday, 28th April, 1951

The First Bell will be rung at 1.30 p.m. and the first race will be run at 2.00 p.m.

Through Tickets (10 Races—\$20.00) may be obtained at the Comptroller's Office of the Treasurers, 1st floor, Telephone House, also tickets at \$2.00 each for the Special Cash Sweep on the "Hong Kong Derby" scheduled to be run on Saturday, 12th May.

THERE WILL BE NO SPECIAL CASH SWEEP ON THE LAST RACE OF THIS MEETING.

Through Tickets reserved for this Meeting but not paid for by 10.00 a.m. on Friday, 27th April, will be sold and the reservation cancelled for future meetings.

To avoid congestion at the Club's Offices at Telephone House, Club's Branch Offices at—

5 D'Aguiar Street, Hong Kong
or
382, Nathan Road, Kowloon.

MEMBERS' BADGES AND ENCLOSURE

MEMBERS ARE INFORMED THE 1951 SETS OF MEMBERS AND LADIES' BADGES NOW SUPERSEDE THE PREVIOUS ISSUE.

Members and guests are reminded that they and their ladies MUST wear their badges prominently displayed throughout the Meeting.

NO ONE WITHOUT A BADGE WILL BE ADMITTED TO THE MEMBERS' ENCLOSURE.

Badges admitting ladies not in possession of Brooches or Season Tickets and gentlemen, non-members of the Club, to the Members' Enclosure and Club Rooms at \$10.00 including tax, for ladies or gentlemen are obtainable through the Secretary on the written or personal introduction of a member, such member to be responsible for all visitors introduced by him, and for payment of all chits etc.

Badges admitting to Members' Enclosure will NOT be on sale at the RACE COURSE.

The Treasurers' Comptroller's Office will close at 11.00 a.m. and the Secretary's Office at 11.45 a.m. Both offices at 1st floor, Telephone House.

A limited number of tifins will be obtainable at the Club House provided they are ordered in advance from the No. 1 Boy (Tel. 27181).

NO CHILDREN WILL BE ADMITTED TO THE CLUB'S PREMISES DURING THE MEETING.

PUBLIC ENCLOSURE

The price of admission to the Public Enclosure is \$3.00 including tax for all persons including ladies, and is payable at the Gate.

BOOKMAKERS TIC TAC MEN ETC., WILL NOT BE PERMITTED TO OPERATE WITHIN THE PRECINCTS OF THE HONG KONG JOCKEY CLUB DURING THE RACE MEETING.

MEALS AND REFRESHMENTS WILL BE OBTAINABLE IN THE RESTAURANT IN THE PUBLIC ENCLOSURE.

SERVANTS' PASSES

Servants' passes will be issued to private box holders only, who are requested to distribute them with discrimination and to endorse their names on the passes. Holders of such passes are not permitted in the Members' Enclosure except for passing through on their duties and must remain in their employers' stands.

Owing to the present congestion in the Members' Betting Hall, Box-holders and Members are requested to ensure that their servants make use only of the Public Betting Hall. Military Police will be posted at various entrances to the Members' Hall to ensure that this regulation is adhered to.

BY ORDER:
S. A. Sharp,
Secretary.

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SAILINGS TO		
"SZECHUEN"	Bangkok	3 p.m. 23rd Apr.
"FUNGING"	Kobe, Yokohama & Nagoya	10 a.m. 24th Apr.
"HUPEH"	Tsingtao & Tientsin	10 a.m. 26th Apr.
"SHENGKING"	Keelung	5 p.m. 28th Apr.
"ANKING"	Singapore & Penang	5 p.m. 29th Apr.
"SHANGHAI"	Bangkok	5 p.m. 1st May
"SOOCHOW"	Tokyo, Yokohama, Nagoya, Osaka & Kobe	5 p.m. 1st May
"HUNAN"	Tsingtao & Tientsin	10 a.m. 1st May
"FENGNIEN"	Yokohama, Nagoya, Osaka & Kobe	5 p.m. 2nd May
"SHENGKING"	Keelung	5 p.m. 4th May
"YOCHOW"	Bangkok	5 p.m. 8th May

ARRIVALS FROM

"HUNAN"	Tientsin	26th Apr.
"SHENGKING"	Keelung	27th Apr.
"FENGNIEN"	Singapore	28th Apr.
"FENGNIEN"	Indonesia & Binnan	28th Apr.
"SOOCHOW"	Bangkok	29th Apr.
"SHANGHAI"	Osaka	29th Apr.
"YOCHOW"	Osaka	6th May

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SAILINGS TO

"TAIYUAN"	Kobe, Yokohama & Nagoya	29th Apr.
"CHANGSHA"	Japan	13th May
"TAIYUAN"	Singapore	22nd May

ARRIVALS FROM

"TAIYUAN"	Australia & Manila	25th Apr.
"CHANGSHA"	Australia & Manila	9th May
"TAIYUAN"	Japan	20th May

BLUE FUNNEL LINE

Scheduled sailings to Europe via Aden & Port Said

"AENEAS"	Liverpool, Dublin & Glasgow	26th Apr.
"MYRMIDON"	Genoa, Casablanca, Holland & London	3rd May
"PERSEUS"	Marseilles, Liverpool & Glasgow	6th May
"BELLEROPHON"	Dublin & Liverpool	25th May

Scheduled sailings from Europe

Sails	Sails	Arrives
"MYRMIDON"	Liverpool	Hong Kong
"PROMETHEUS"	7th Mar.	in Port
"BELLEROPHON"	21st Mar.	24th Apr.
"MARON"	31st Mar.	28th Apr.
"ANTIOCHUS"	5th Apr.	9th May
"PYRHIUS"	13th Apr.	18th Apr.
"AUTOLYCUS"	25th Apr.	30th May
"MENTOR"	28th Apr.	2nd June
"CLYTHEUS"	4th May	8th June

G. Loading Glasgow before Liverpool.
S. Loading Swansea before Liverpool.
* Unscheduled.

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"MENESTHEUS" 23rd May

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HK/Singapore	(DC-4) 1.00 p.m. Wed. 5.40 p.m. Thurs.	
HK/Manila/B.N./Borneo	(DC-3) 7.00 a.m. Mon. 4.45 p.m. Tues.	
HK/Manila	(DC-3) 7.00 a.m. Wed. 3.00 p.m. Wed.	
HK/Haiphong	(DC-3) 7.00 a.m. Tues. 4.30 p.m. Tues.	

All the above subject to alteration without notice.
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BRANCH OFFICE: 50 Connaught Rd. West. 25875, 32144, 24878.

BEND LINE

ARRIVALS

SHIPS	FROM	DUE
"BENAVON"	U.K. via Singapore	28th Apr.
"BENALBANACH"	do	on or abt. 2nd May
"BENVENUE"	do	10th May
"BENLAVERS"	do	30th May
"BENCRUACHAN"	do	8th June

SAILINGS

SHIPS	TO	LEAVING
"BENAVON"	London, Antwerp, Rotterdam & Hull	30th Apr.
"BENALBANACH"	Kobe, Yokohama, Nagoya & Otaru	5th May
"BENVENUE"	Liverpool, Dublin & Rotterdam	14th May
"BENLAVERS"	London, Antwerp & Rotterdam	2nd June
"BENCRUACHAN"	Liverpool, Glasgow, Dublin & Antwerp	12th June

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DEATHS

VIANA—Clyde (father of Celeste and Marie of Hongkong) passed away on 22nd April, 1951, in San Francisco Hospital, Macao.

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NOTICE

DIOCESAN GIRLS' SCHOOL

The Entrance Examination for Kindergarten Classes and Classes 7 and 6 will be held on Saturday May 6th at 9 a.m.

The number of vacancies in other classes will not be known until July. Examinations for these few places will be held on July 7th.

No further applications for admission in September can now be received.



invites your support in helping to train the Hongkong citizens of tomorrow. Subscriptions should be sent to: The Hon. Treasurer The Boys and Girls' Clubs Association War Memorial Welfare Centre Southern Playground, Wanchai.

For further information please telephone the Secretary (23013).

US POLICIES IN THE PACIFIC

Tokyo, Apr. 23.

The United States is determined to use its military might to support and protect its allies fully in the Pacific as well as in Europe, the State Department special adviser, Mr John Foster Dulles, said today.

Mentioning the fears of some persons that the US will use its enormous power to protect only Atlantic pact countries, Mr Dulles said in a speech to the UN Association of Japan that "that suggestion is wholly without foundation." Mr Dulles pointed to the Pacific security pact the United States proposes to take part in.

Mr Dulles said it was true that most of the military power of the United States—notably its strategic air power—remained in the US proper. He continued, "An armed attack upon any of the areas east or west where there are such present arrangements (security pacts) have described could bring into play this immense military striking power. That is known and that knowledge exerts a powerful influence for peace. The Japanese nation can share the security which the United States itself and others derive from the fact that potential aggressors know they cannot attack without subjecting themselves to the risk of great disaster."

Mr Dulles re-emphasized that the change in Supreme Command in Japan and Korea from Gen. MacArthur to Lt.-Gen. Matthew Ridgway "has left the US policies untouched insofar as relates to Japan."

PROTECTION PROMISED

Mr Dulles asserted that the bulk of the American armed forces now overseas are in the Asian theatre, that another division is en route, that the Far East Air Force has been expanded and that the US is prepared to protect Japan openly, accepting "grave responsibilities which a breach of that protection would involve."

Mr Dulles, who is handling the Japanese peace treaty problem for President Truman and the Secretary of State, Mr Dean Acheson, outlined the American Pacific security programme as follows:

1. Post-treaty security arrangement between the United States and Japan.

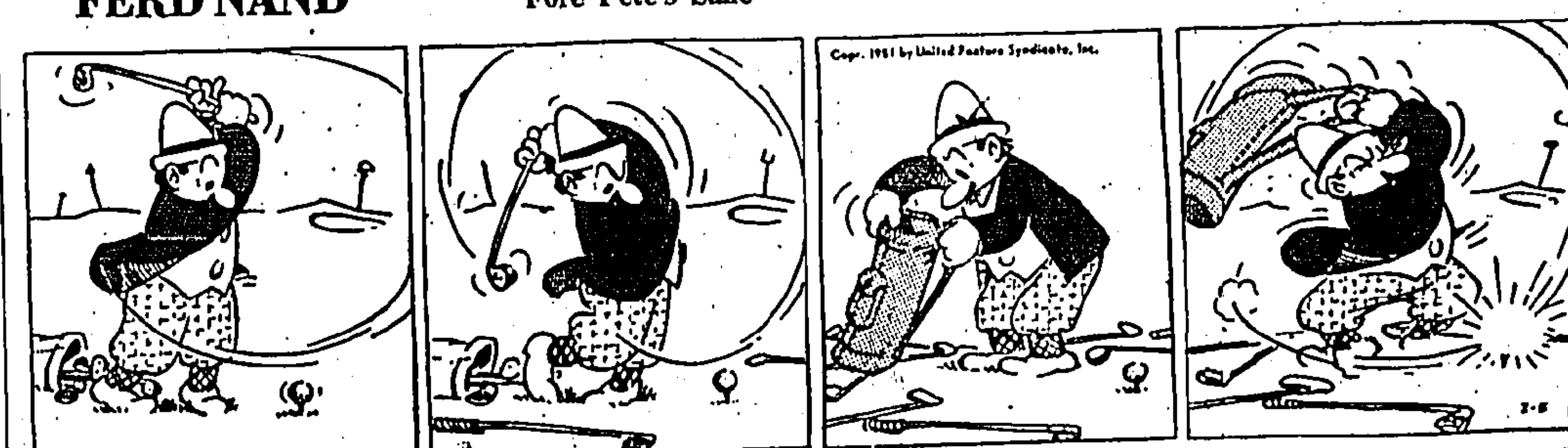
By Lee Falk and Phil Davis

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s.s. "CORFU"	31st May	2nd July
s.s. "CANTON"	20th June	30th July

Via Southampton, Port Said, Aden, Bombay, Colombo, Penang & Singapore

Homewards	Leaves Hongkong	Due London
s.s. "CANTON"	12th May	11th June
s.s. "CANTHAGE"	8th June	16th July
s.s. "CORFU"	31st July	7th August
s.s. "CANTON"	3rd August	3rd September

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s.s. "TRESILLIAN"	26th April	London & Continent
s.s. "SUHAT"	3rd May	—
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s.s. "SHILLONG"	6th May	London & Continent
s.s. "SUHAT"	31st May	—

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s.s. "BIRDHANA"	due 23rd Apr.	from Calcutta
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s.s. "ISMAILA"	In Port sails 24th Apr.	from Gulf for Saigon
s.s. "PACHUMBA"	sails 30th Apr. sails 2nd May	from Japan for Straits, Colombo, Don & Karachi
s.s. "UMARIA"	due 1st May. sails 3rd May.	from Karachi, Bombay, Colombo & S for Japan
s.s. "FULTALA"	due 1st May sails 3rd May	from Japan for Singapore & Penang

EASTERN & AUSTRALIAN S.S. CO., LTD.

s.s. "NANKIN"	sails 27th Apr.	for Manila, Bohol, Cebu, Batavia, Surabaya, Sydney, Melbourne & Adelaide
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New Source Of Uranium

Johannesburg, Apr. 22.
A plant for the extraction of uranium from gold mine residue slimes is to be erected by arrangement with the South African Atomic Energy Board, it was announced tonight.

The West Driefontein Gold Mining Company Ltd., said that the plant was expected to be ready for operation in 1953.

Research over a long period has established that uranium exists in payable quantities in these slimes, the announcement said.

Under a three-power agreement announced in London on Dec. 14, 1950, uranium from South African gold mines is to be made available to the British and American Governments.

It was stated at the time that South Africa might ultimately become one of the world's most important uranium producers.—Reuter.

MISSION TO REPORT

Pondicherry, Apr. 22.
The three neutral observers on a fact-finding mission to French settlements in India will submit their joint report on what they saw and heard during the one-month tour they have just completed, their secretary, Mr. Krubbe, said here today.

They were not in any way influenced by the French Government and their report would state only facts, he declared.

The observers—Mr. Holger Anderson, of Sweden, Mr. Francois Perard, of Switzerland, and Mr. Marcel Chen, of the Philippines—were appointed by the International Court of Justice at The Hague to study conditions in the four French settlements of Pondicherry, Karaikal, Yanam and Mahé.

Mr. Holger Anderson, head of the mission, has more than 40 years' experience in the

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MESSAGERIES MARITIMES

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"LES GLIERES"	from Europe	1st May
SAILINGS		
PASSENGER/FREIGHT SERVICE		
"LA MARSEILLAISE"	to Japan via Manila	6th May
"LA MARSEILLAISE"	to Marseilles via Manila	19th May
"FELIX ROUSSEL"	to Marseilles	23rd June

FREIGHT SERVICE		
"COT DORISE"	N. Africa & Europe	8th May
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"SAINT VALERY"	N. Africa & Europe	23rd May
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M.S. "LEXA MAERSK"	May 15
M.S. "SALLY MAERSK"	May 31

ARRIVALS FROM U.S.A.

M.S. "SALLY MAERSK"	May 8
M.S. "CORONA"	May 19
M.S. "ANNA MAERSK"	May 30

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New Delhi Fixes Cotton Production Target For Year

New Delhi, Apr. 22. India's cotton production target for 1951-52 has been fixed at 4,000,000 bales, it was officially announced. Requirements of Indian mills for the year were estimated at 4,300,000 bales - 3,700,000 bales of Indian cotton and 600,000 bales of imported varieties.

The announcement referred to a two-day meeting here between the National Planning Commission and members of the official body sponsored Development Committee. The delegates discussed the supply of cotton—the crux of India's textile industry problem—and other factors relating to the formulation of a five-year development plan for the industry. Officials of the Commerce and Industry and Agriculture Ministers attended the meeting.

The meeting suggested that out of the Indian production of 4,000,000 bales, 3,700,000 bales be made available for spinning by Indian mills with the remainder for export and other purposes. The balance required by Indian mills—600,000 bales—would be imported.

This year's cloth production was expected to be 5,000,000,000 yards—3,800,000,000 yards mill-made and 1,200,000,000 yards handloom.

Export for the year would total 800,000,000 yards—600,000,000 yards of fine and superfine and 200,000,000 yards of cloth for the country which worked out a per capita consumption of 11.7 yards which the meeting considered inadequate. It was recognized, however, that the country needs the foreign exchange earned by cloth exports in order to pay for cotton imports.

A review of the post-war Planning Commission's scheme for the development of the textile industry went to show that 24 new mills with a total spindleage of 200,000 had been opened since 1948. Machinery for 10 other mills with a total spindleage of 100,000 was in the process of being installed.

Congested Situation In Cotton

New York, Apr. 22. Strength in old crop deliveries was overshadowed by the influence of the cotton futures market this week. Current May delivery remained wedged tight at 45.39 cents, the ceiling price, with traders reporting a congested situation there prior to the first notice day on Apr. 25. The 39-cent level of unsatisfied buying orders from the spot month into July lifted that position to near the ceiling limit and to the highest level since late March.

At Friday's close, the list ruled 89 points higher to 50 points lower or up \$4.45 to down \$2.50 a bale, compared with the previous week. October 1952 delivery came on the board for the first time during the week. It started about 100 points under the preceding July delivery, but later widened to around 200 points.

New crop 1951-52 deliveries seemed over a moderate limit. Traders there waited for a clearer view of the crop outlook. The recent cold and rainy weather delayed soil preparations, growth and seeding over a wide area of the South-West, but traders felt that all of the lost time can still safely be made up.

Uncertain prospects of the industry, owing to cotton shortage and high prices of machinery were the reasons given for the slow pace of implementation of the scheme.—United Press.

Exchange Rates

Business was done in the local unofficial exchange market this morning at the following rates:—
Sterling (per £1) 100 = 21.10
U.S. dollars (per \$1) 100 = 21.10
Indonesian guilders (per 100) 100 = 21.10
Dutch guilders (per 100) 100 = 21.10
New Zealand dollars (per 100) 100 = 21.10

Japan's Exports To Sterling Area

Tokyo, Apr. 22. Japanese leaders reported today soaring exports of cement to the sterling area, filling in the gap resulting from reduced exports from Germany and Britain.

From a record post-war output of 4,900,000 tons, Japan sent abroad 900,000 tons, including 700,000 tons to Singapore and 200,000 tons to Australia, which is buying Japanese cement for the first time since the war.

This was only one symptom of Japan's rapidly improving economic position. Exports of textile machinery reported a buoyant market, with contracts doubled as compared with last year.—Reuter.

Defence Programme Hitting U.S. Industry

New York, Apr. 22. The first real impacts of the defence programme hit business and industry this week.

Many economists believed it would be summer before the full effects are felt. But high inventories, conversions from civilian to military goods and Government restrictions were becoming increasingly painful.

Industrial production, however, moved along at a fast pace. Defence orders rolled in. Heavy expansions were planned. First quarter earnings were setting records in many industries.

The steel industry was operating at 100 per cent of theoretical capacity. This exceeded the previous week's figure.

The General Electric, which spent US\$425,000,000 on new plants and equipment in the past five years, will spend more than \$350,000,000 in the next four years on further expansion.

Minnesota Mining and Manufacturing Company outlined a US\$6,500,000 plant expansion.

The Bureau of Employment Security said 50,000 unemployed jobs were remaining. State Employment Office rolls but industries where civilian output predominated were beginning to feel the pinch.

Shortages of copper and steel items forced Kaiser-Frazer to halve its automobile production, eliminate second shifts and lay off about 3,000 workers.

Stromberg-Carlson Company idled 200 employees because of lagging demand for television receivers. Other workers were shifted to its busy telephone and sound equipment departments.

Some small cotton and rayon mills were reported to be starting to curtail production and return to a five-day week.

HCL UP. The aluminium order was changed to lift the May 1 ban on more than 200 civilian products. Now it is 50 per cent cut in the use of the metal during May and June.

The Government's latest cost of living index—the one for March 15—was not ready for official announcement during the week.

But it was reported to have gone up enough over Sept. 15 to give 70,000 CIO Electrical Workers at General Electric plants a nine-cent hourly wage increase.

In Washington, Price Director Michael Disalle said the nation may be reaching a peak in the rising cost of living. He believes prices definitely are levelling off.—Associated Press.

U.S. BUYING MORE

New York, Apr. 22. Volume of retail spending turned upward in the week ending on Wednesday for the first time since before Easter, Dun and Bradstreet said. While total dollar sales also exceeded the comparable week a year ago by a considerable margin, unit sales were less noticeable above the 1950 level.

Vigorous promotions by apparel merchants were reported to be helping.

Total retail dollar volume was estimated at 13.7 per cent above the 1951 week which followed the Easter holiday.—Associated Press.

Russo-Swedish Trade Pact. Stockholm, Apr. 22. Sweden and Soviet Russia have made a trade agreement for this year calling for exchanges valued at 40 million crowns in both directions, the Swedish Foreign Office announced today.

Soviet Russia will send Sweden maize, oats, cattle, potatoes, salt, chrome and manganese ore, asbestos, lubricating oil and various minerals. Sweden will send Russia, grain, meat, wool, cotton, etc.—Associated Press.

Torquay Conference Has Achieved Some Noteworthy Results

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT)

London, Apr. 22. The international conference on tariffs and trade, which held its final meeting at Torquay yesterday, has not been an outstanding success. It has, however, achieved some noteworthy results. Nearly 150 separate bilateral negotiations have been completed. These included 21 each by the Federal German Republic and Austria, which were among the seven countries acceding to the general agreement on tariffs and trade (GATT).

In addition, the assured life of tariff concessions resulting from previous conferences has been extended for a further three years.

New agreements on tariffs between the original contracting parties were disappointing. This disappointment is most keenly felt in the failure to complete any new agreements between the United States, on the one hand, and the United Kingdom and the Dominions of Australia, New Zealand and South Africa, on the other.

Reason for this failure was apparently the refusal on the part of the United Kingdom and other Commonwealth countries to meet American demands for reductions in Imperial Preference margins. America, it seems, was prepared to go a long way in offering tariff reductions to achieve their aim but their offers were far more numerous than useful.

It is doubtful, however, whether the British delegation would have considered any offer sufficiently attractive to justify any serious breach in the Imperial Preference front.

The Colonial territories were represented by British Board of Trade negotiators, and "The Economist" questions whether their interests were well looked after. It concedes that the British delegation defended Imperial Preferences with "fervour" but wonders whether West Africa, Malaya and other dependent territories are not more interested in importing—whether from the United Kingdom or the United States—capital and consumer goods they need than in retaining the existing margins of preference they enjoy in the Commonwealth and in building up impressive Sterling balances in London.

BITTER BLOW

It is true that huge Sterling balances are being built up by the Colonies from the outside world but "The Economist" asserts that if this trend continues—"the Government will have earned the reputation of rediscovering not the Empire but the will and capacity to live on its back," may be difficult to justify.

One woman, for instance, whether the people of the Colonies would agree that the ability to buy more capital and consumer goods from the dollar area is preferable to a system which safeguards their interests over a much longer period than that likely to be covered by the present abnormal conditions of world trade.

The announcement early in the Torquay Conference that the United States would not ratify the charter of the International Trade Organisation was a bitter blow. A further difficulty the Conference had to contend with was the fact that most of the countries which took part in the already used up the best part of their bargaining power at previous conferences and were not in a position to reduce their tariffs much further.

Moreover, as the official United Nations announcement points out, with the steady increase in the volume of trade which has been liberalised from the quotas during 1950, particularly in Europe—tariffs are reverting to their traditional role as instruments for protection for domestic industries and agriculture. Generally speaking, it says, the significance of tariffs as instruments of national economic policy is increasing, and the difficulties encountered in lowering rates of duties are probably greater today than at any time since the end of the war.

Details of the negotiations completed at Torquay can be released by the governments concerned on May 9, and three days later the schedule of the tariff concessions as a whole and the text of the Torquay Protocol will be published in Geneva.

BOOM IN SHARES

The post-Budget boom in the Stock Exchange gathered pace this week. The Financial Times industrial ordinary shares index has risen no less than 9.2 points since the Budget and now stands at its highest level for almost four years.

The scramble for industrial equities has been accompanied by a further decline in gilt-edged securities, resulting in a narrowing of the differential between the yields on Consols and short on better placed industrial shares to less than one per cent.

Most investors seem to believe that Mr. Gaisford has underestimated the size of the inflationary "gap" that has to be covered this year, and they have also been encouraged by the realisation that the Government itself expects a substantial rise in profits this year.

First reaction to the Budget was relief that no steps had been proposed to limit company dividend payments. Since then the new instructions given by Mr. Gaisford to the Capital Issues Committee seem to suggest that he is prepared to countenance a "modest" increase in dividends this year and this has also been a factor in the general rise in share prices.

FEARS OUTWEIGHED

Mr. Gaisford's proposal to discontinue initial allowances next year has been severely criticised as a measure which can only result in a slowing down of industrial expansion with an especially bad effect on the shipping industry. But this has not prevented a considerable rise in the shares of shipping and shipbuilding companies. Fear of what may happen when initial allowances are abolished was outweighed by a more immediate consideration—in the form of higher dividend announcements by the P. and O. and Cunard, two of the largest companies in the shipping world.

There were further advances in commodity shares but rubbers received a setback on the American announcement that the end of rubber stockpiling was in sight.

Newspaper shares were again in demand on rumours that increasing production costs would soon result in a rise in price of the penny papers.

Marking Time In Textile Markets

New York, Apr. 22. Priding uncertainties, combined with large distributors' inventories and slow consumer demand, continued to cripple activity in the basic textile markets this week.

The World Street cotton goods trade did little more than mark time. Mill executives saw little chance of a revival of interest until the long awaited price ceiling regulations for cloth and apparel materials.

The wool trade was kept on edge by the wild price fluctuations in the futures markets. Wool tops slumped as much as 70 cents a pound, then rallied haltingly as the week closed. Traders said manufacturers are striving to gain price protection through hedging futures against cloth inventories.

Some of the smaller woolen mills reported curtailing production or closing down because of uncertainties generated by pricing problems.—United Press.

Drastic Action On Newsprint

Ottawa, Apr. 22. With the world clamouring for her newsprint, Canada has taken an initial step to prepare for a more balanced international distribution of her huge production.

In a move unprecedented in peacetime, newsprint and mechanical and chemical pulps were declared essential materials. The Defence Production Department was employed to bring them under Government control.

Mr. R. M. Fowler, President of the Canadian Pulp and Paper Association, was named Director of a newly formed departmental branch which will have authority to regulate and control the newsprint and pulp industry.

HONGKONG SHARE MARKET

Transactions on the Hongkong Stock Exchange this morning totalled \$207,174.95. Noon closing prices:—

SHARES	BUYERS	SALES
HSK Bank	135	50 @ 1300
East Asia	103	5 @ 1300

INSURANCES
Canton Union 740 270 50 @ 740
Union 15 @ 745

SHIPPING
Asia Nav. 1.05 1000 @ 1.05
2000 @ 1.05

DOCKS, ETC.
N. P. Wharf 23 1/2 100 @ 23 1/2
Wheelock 23 1/2 100 @ 23 1/2

LAND, ETC.
HSK Land 5.00 125 1000 @ 1.15
Shai Land 40 41

UTILITIES
Star Ferry 71 1/4 500 @ 0.25
C. Light (O) 0.20 75 @ 0.25
C. Light (N) 3 1/2 100 @ 3.50
C. Light (B) 5.05 42 @ 5.00
Electric 23 1/2 24 1000 @ 23 1/2
Telephone 10 1/2 100 @ 10 1/2
Tel. (New) 0.20

INDUSTRIALS
Cement 10 1/2 11 1/2 500 @ 10 1/2

STORES, ETC.
Dairy KD 12 1/2 1200 @ 12 1/2
Watson 17 1/2 1000 @ 17 1/2
Wing On 50
(HLC) 50

COTTONS
Two 2.00

MERSEY BACK TO NORMAL

Liverpool, Apr. 22. Shipyards along the Mersey River will be back to normal tomorrow after a three-months' long dispute which cut output.

Five thousand ship repair workers along the river banned all overtime work on Jan. 29 because a wage award did not benefit men already earning more than the new minimum rates.

The dispute spread until 25,000 workers in the North-West of England were operating the ban and production was seriously affected.

Today the Merseyside men voted to end the ban and to reopen negotiations with the employers.—Reuter.

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ARRIVALS	SAILINGS	
"TITJALENGKA"	29th Apr.	1st May
"TASMAN"	3rd May	17th May
"TJIKAMFER"	11th May	
"VAN HEUTSZ"	21st May	

MANILA, EAST & SOUTH AFRICA and SOUTH AMERICA		
ARRIVALS	SAILINGS	
"TEGELBERG"	8th May	13th May
"TJIKAMFER"	14th May	Early July
"RUYS"	14th May	Early July

JAPAN		
ARRIVALS	SAILINGS	
"TASMAN"	11th May	8th May
"TEGELBERG"	11th May	19th May
"TJIKAMFER"	11th May	10th May
"RUYS"	30th May	22nd May
"VAN HEUTSZ"		

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"ARENSKERK"	18th May	Mid. June

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JAPAN		
ARRIVALS	SAILINGS	
"LANGLESCOT" +	14th May	25th Apr.
"ARENSKERK" +	Mid. June	24th May

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PRESS PHOTOGRAPHS

Copies of photographs taken by the South China Morning Post, South China Sunday Post-Herald, and China Mail Staff Photographers are on view in the Morning Post Building.

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"ULANHA"	Strait	May 14	May 15	San Francisco via Los Angeles, San Jose, Nagoya & Yokohama
"MATHIE LUCKENBACH"	San Francisco	May 23	May 24	San Francisco & Los Angeles
"GEORGE LUCKENBACH"	San Francisco	Jun. 13	Jun. 14	Singapore, Djakarta, Bombay & Karachi

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